2024-2025 Budget Presentation





LEGISLATIVE PRIORITIES:

1. Modify the Annual Professional Performance Review Law (APPR)

2. Zero Emission Bus Overhaul

3. Fix Civil Service

4. Enhance Student Safety

5. Support Career and Technical Education



LEGISLATIVE PRIORITIES:

6. Expand Reserve Fund Flexibility

7. Increase Capital Outlay Authority

8. Extend Retiree Earning Limit Exemptions

9. Modify the Tax Cap

10. August Instructional Days



State Aid:

- The executive budget proposes a formula-based school aid increase of \$825 million, or 2.4%, over 2023-24 levels.
- The aid increase would be driven through a \$507 million increase in Foundation Aid and a \$318 million increase from the full-funding of expense-based and other traditional categorical aids (ex. transportation and BOCES).
- Governor's proposal is a departure from full-funding of Foundation Aid, achieved for the first time just last year.
- Eliminates decades-long practice of save harmless.



Foundation Aid:

- The executive budget would provide a \$507 million increase in Foundation Aid, or 2.1%, over 2023-24 levels. This proposal is hundreds of millions of dollars below fullfunding of the current formula.
- This lower proposed increase is achieved in two ways. First, the executive budget proposes use of a lower inflationary factor (2.4%) than what the current law formula projects (3.8%). Second, the executive budget proposal would eliminate save harmless for hundreds of districts.
- \$507 million would represent the smallest statewide Foundation Aid increase since 2015-16 (excepting the 2020-21 state budget during the height of the pandemic).
- NYSSBA recommended full-funding of Foundation Aid (\$925 million increase over current 2023-24 levels).

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STATE OF NEW YORK

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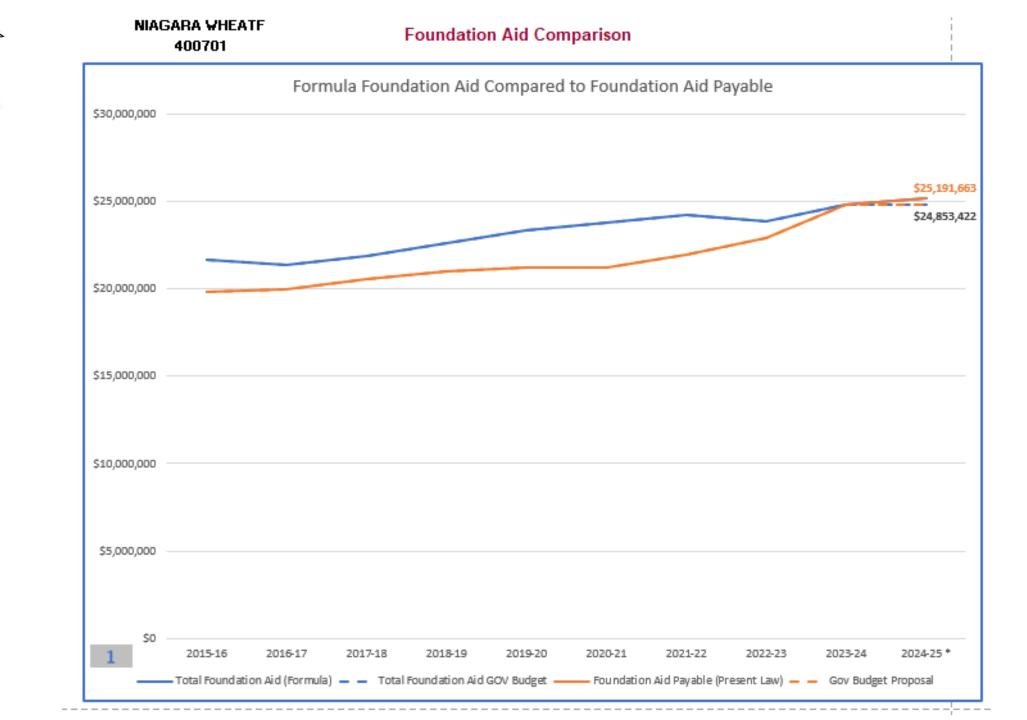
COUNTY - NIAGARA

2024-25 EXECUTIVE BUDGET PROPOSAL

RUN NO. BT242-5

2023-24 AND 2024-25 AIDS PAYABLE UNDER SECTION 3609 PLUS OTHER AIDS

DISTRICT CODE DISTRICT NAME SEE NOTE BELOW	400301 LEWISTON PORTE	400400 LOCKPORT	400601 NEWFANE	400701 NIAGARA WHEATF	400800 NIAGARA FALLS	400900 N. TONAWANDA
SEE NOTE BELOW 2023-24 BASE YEAR AIDS: FOUNDATION AID FULL DAY K CONVERSION	10,609,213	50,053,389	14,376,299	24,828,647	111,908,564	31,815,825
UNIVERSAL PRE-KINDERGARIEN	423,520 1,488,622	3,755,268	1,338,679	1,139,577 3,489,264	4,646,141 7,686,448	703,648 2,926,415
HIGH COST EXCESS COST PRIVATE EXCESS COST	282,493 564,720	1,555,333 3,998,572	432,246 858,541	794,700 986,827	2,004,145 5,452,575	513,214 1,542,253
BUCES SPECIAL SERVICES HIGH COST EXCESS COST PRIVATE EXCESS COST HARDWARE & TECHNOLOGY SOFTWARE, LIBRARY, TEXTBOOK TRANSPORTATION INCL SUMMER BUILDING + BLDG REORG INCENT OPERATING REORG INCENTIVE CHARTER SCHOOL TRANSTICTIONAL	282,493 564,720 30,239 168,714 1,715,664 3,354,853	86,830 369,404 6,258,204 6,594,262	23,203 103,085 2,820,842 786,309	290,307 3,762,787 3,934,503	142,120 574,181 8,081,870 14,660,853	56,262 271,470 2,690,154 5,857,851
ACADEMIC ENHANCEMENT	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	172,927	0
TOTAL	491,475 0 19,129,513	0 0 73,389,198	0 0 21,490,291	0 39,291,534	0 155,329,824	79,824 46,456,916
2024-25 ESTIMATED AIDS: FOUNDATION AID	10,101,658	51,507,926	14,058,499	24,853,422	115,011,507	29,816,611
FOUNDATION AID FULL DAY K CONVERSION UNIVERSAL PRE-KINDERGARTEN BOCES SPECIAL SERVICES	423,520 1,407,923	1,387,263 3,748,793	758,659 1,325,844	1,139,577 3,579,770	4,646,141 4,833,667	2,434,319
UNIVERSAL PRE-KINDERGARTEN BOCES SPECIAL SERVICES HIGH COST EXCESS COST PRIVATE EXCESS COST HARDWARE & TECHNOLOGY SOFTWARE, LIBRARY, TEXTBOOK TRANSPORTATION INCL SUMMER BUILDING + BLDG REORG INCENT OPERATING REORG INCENTIVE CHARTER SCHOOL TRANSITIONAL ACADEMIC ENHANCEMENT HIGH TAX AID SUPPLEMENTAL PUB EXCESS COST TOTAL	211,696 590,793	1,305,433 4,007,121	333,837 791,830 22,300 103,980	687,223 956,044	1,439,514 5,470,935	865,574 1,474,182
SOFTWARE, LIBRARY, TEXTBOOK TRANSPORTATION INCL SUMMER	27,402 171,017 1,738,071 3,101,114	83,625 368,800 6,497,856 6,346,917	103,980 2,881,125 315,807	291,783 4,079,458 3,722,965	137,723 568,622 8,411,105 14,781,230	272,8137 3,405,920 6,135,714
BUILDING + BLDG REORG INCENT OPERATING REORG INCENTIVE CHARTER SCHOOL TRANSITIONAL	3,101,114	6,346,917	315,807	3,722,965	14,781,230 0 228,438	6,135,714 0 0
ACADEMIC ENHANCEMENT HIGH TAX AID	491,475	ğ	ŏ	ŏ		Ő
SUPPLEMENTAL PUB EXCESS COST	18,264,669	75,253,734	20,591,881	39, 373, 403	155,528,882	79,824 45,247,137
\$ CHG 24-25 MINUS 23-24 % CHG TOTAL AID	-864,844 -4.52	1,864,536 2.54	-898,410 -4.18	81,869 0.21	199,058 0.13	-1,209.779 -2.60
\$ CHG W/O BLDG; REORG BLDG AID % CHG W/O BLDG; REORG BLDG AID	-611,105 -3.87	2,111,881 3.16	-427,908 -2.07	293,407 0.83	78,681 0.06	-1,487,642 -3.66
NOTE: STATE AID ESTABLISHED BY	EXECUTIVE BUDGET	FOR 11 DISTRICTS	WITH INCOMPLETE	DATA.		





Foundation Aid Set-Asides:

- The executive budget would continue the current \$250 million Foundation Aid set-aside for community school purposes.
 - Proposal calls for setting aside Foundation Aid funds when many districts are receiving less Foundation Aid or minimal increases.



Reading Instruction:

- The executive budget would direct the State Education Department to provide school districts, by July 1, 2024, with instructional best practices for the teaching of reading to students pre-kindergarten through 3rd grade that are evidence- and scientificallybased, and align with the culturally responsive sustaining framework.
- All school districts would then be annually required to review their pre-kindergarten 3rd grade reading curriculum and instructional practices and certify to NYSED by September 1 that their curriculum, instructional practices, and professional development are in line with SED's instructional best practices, beginning in 2025.
- Acknowledge the importance of successful and evidence-based reading instruction for our students.
- Curriculum and instructional issues are best decided at the local school district level, with support and guidance from the State Education Department.



Student Health and Mental Health:

- Executive budget includes an increase in state funding to support expansion of <u>school-based</u> health centers (SBHC), reflective of the Governor's pronouncement that "every district that wants a SBHC can get one."
- We support the state's investment to support schools to treat the whole child, including their medical needs.
 However, we have yet to identify any specific proposal or funding to accompany that announcement.



School Safety and Student Wellness:

- Sustained Funding/Flexible Grant funding
- Dedicated funding for school-based health and mental health services

Zero-Emission Buses:

- Executive budget proposes to exclude funds from the Environmental Bond Act for the purposes of calculating transportation aid, which would increase the total amount a district gets from the state, for districts that participate in NYSERDA's NYSBIP program.
- We support this exclusion, but not nearly enough to offset costs.
- Need a more realistic transition.



Future Budget Discussion Item 12

Electric School Buses

- Require all new bus purchases to be zero emissions by 2027
- Require all school buses in operation to be zero emissions by 2035
- State Funding for charging infrastructure
- Proposal would authorize districts to lease or finance buses up to 10 years rather than 5



New Zero-Emission School Bus Reporting

School districts would be required to annually submit to SED a progress report on the implementation of zero-emission school buses including:

- Capacity of the electrical grid to meet needs
- Number of charging stations and other components
- Workforce training to date
- Number and proportion of zero-emission buses currently purchased, leased or utilized
- Number of zero-emission buses anticipated in the next two years
- Number and proportion of zero-emission buses utilized by contractors providing transportation services
- Number and proportion of zero-emission buses anticipated to be utilized by contractors in the next two years

18



School Meals:

- Executive budget invests an additional \$11 million to continue the statewide subsidy that fully reimburses schools that participate in the federal Community Eligibility Provision program, allowing participating schools to serve all of their students free breakfast and lunch.
- The budget <u>does not</u> provide for a fully universal school meals program for all schools.



Career and Technical Education:

- The executive budget does not include any changes to the cap on aidable salary expenses for BOCES instructors, nor any increase in special services aid for noncomponent districts.
- At a time when BOCES enrollment and career and technical education are growing faster than ever, it is crucial that the outdated \$30,000 cap – in place since 1992 – be increased.





Need to allow Districts to utilize Pre-K funds for Pre-K Transportation costs

 Increase tuition rates for Special Education costs



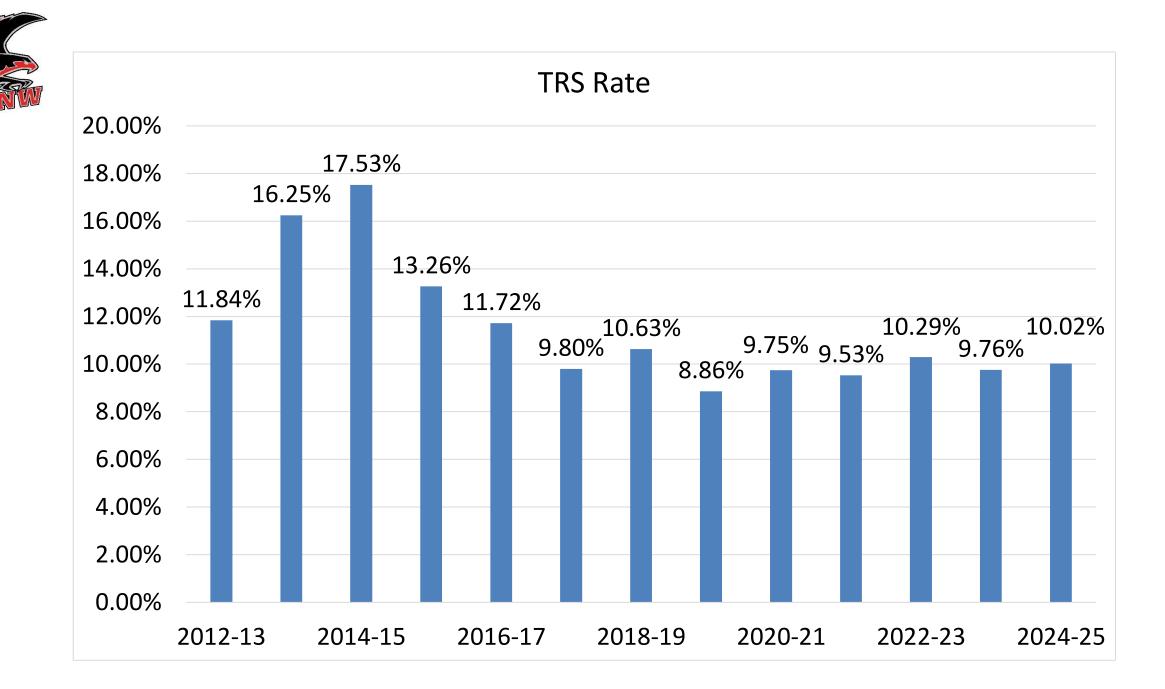
Special Education Cost Shift:

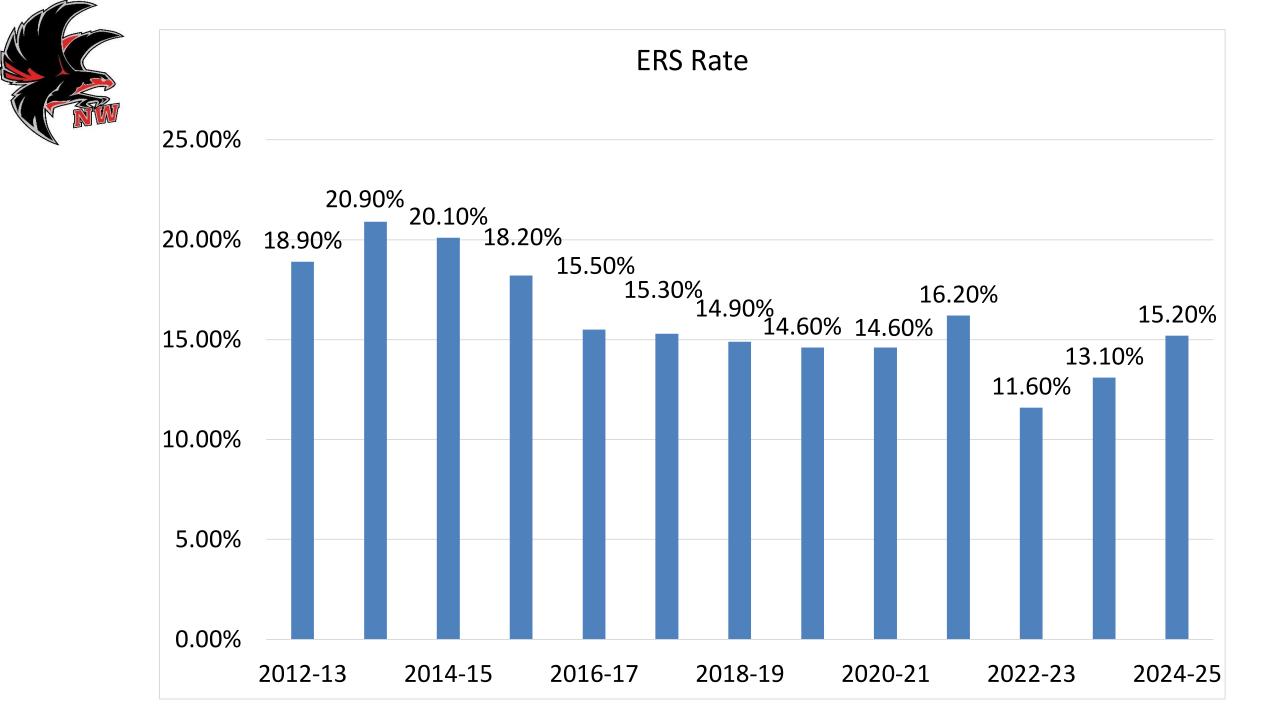
- The executive budget would permanently eliminate the state share of costs related to Committee on Special Education (CSE) placements for districts outside of New York City, and transfer the state's responsibility for maintenance costs of state-operated schools for the blind and deaf onto school districts. This change was first adopted in the 2020 enacted budget with annual extenders in the last four enacted budgets. This proposal would create a permanent cost shift. Prior to the shift, the state covered 18.424% of maintenance costs for CSE placements, with school districts covering 38.424% and the locality assuming the remainder. Elimination of the state share moved the school district cost to 56.848%
- The state estimates that the cost shift would result in a nearly \$30 million burden on school districts, effectively reducing opportunities to invest in other valuable programs and services for students. School districts would be forced to continue to absorb an unnecessary cost shift.



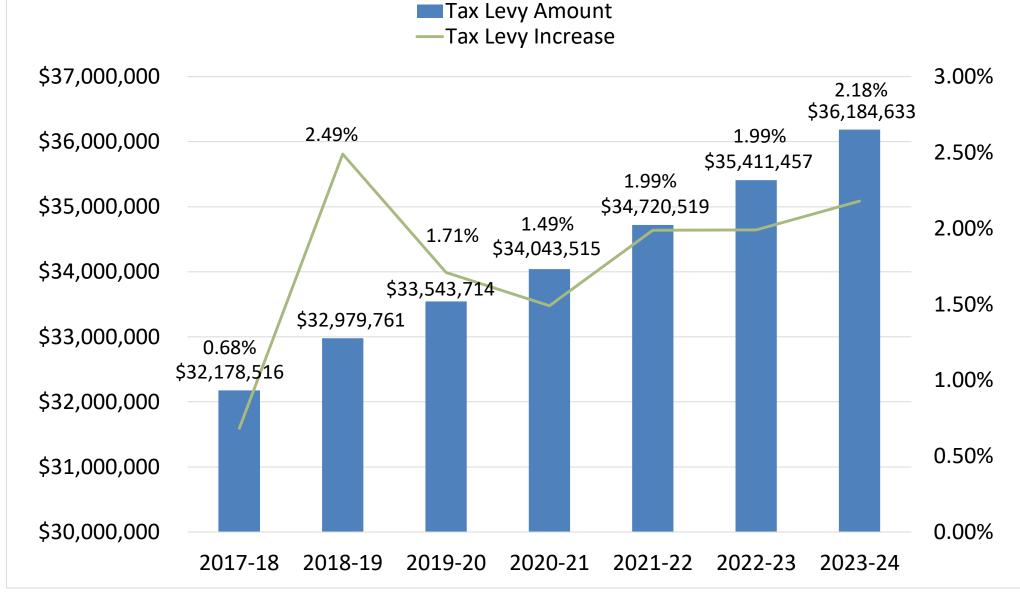
Tax Cap Levy Worksheet		As of 2/6/2024	
Tax Levy Limit - Before Exclusions			
Total Real Property Tax Levy for base year 2023-24		\$ 36,184,633	
Tax Base Growth Factor (Min of 1.0 - provided by State)	X	1.0074	
	=	\$ 36,452,399	
Base Year PILOTS	+	\$ 1,888,068	
Capital Expenditures Net of Aid for FYE 06/30/2024	-	\$ 1,450,789	
	=	\$ 36,889,678	
Allowable Levy Growth Factor Based on CPI	Х	1.0200	
	=	\$ 37,627,471	
Budget Year PILOT Receivables (24-25 Budget)	-	\$ 1,785,397	
Available Carryover	+	\$-	
Tax Levy Limit - Before Exclusions	Α	\$ 35,842,074	
Exclusions:			
Base Year (FYE 6/30/2024) Torts and Judgments > 5%		\$ -	
Capital Expenditures Net of Aid for FYE 06/30/2025		\$ 1,447,407	
Pension Expenditures Above 2%			
ERS	+	\$ 9,924	
TRS	+	\$ -	
Total Exclusions	В		
	A - D	<u> </u>	2.000/
Tax Levy Limit Plus Exclusions	=A+B	\$ 37,299,405	3.08%
Prior Year		\$ 34,733,844	
Difference		\$ 2,565,561	

	Tax Levy Options				
	Tax Cap (Levy Limit):	\$ 37,299,406	3.08%	1,114,773.09	
		Total Levy	Increase Over		
	Levy Increase	Amount	Prior Year	Difference	8 Year Average
	3.50%	37,451,095	1,266,462	151,689	2.00%
	3.40%	37,414,911	1,230,278	115,504	1.99%
	3.30%	37,378,726	1,194,093	79,320	1.98%
	3.20%	37,342,541	1,157,908	43,135	1.97%
	3.15%	37,324,449	1,139,816	25,043	1.96%
Tax Levy Limit	→ 3.08%	37,299,406	1,114,773		1.95%
	2.99%	37,266,554	1,081,921	(32,853)	1.94%
	2.90%	37,233,987	1,049,354	(65,419)	1.93%
	2.85%	37,215,895	1,031,262	(83,511)	1.92%
	2.70%	37,161,618	976,985	(137,788)	1.90%
	2.50%	37,089,249	904,616	(210,157)	1.88%





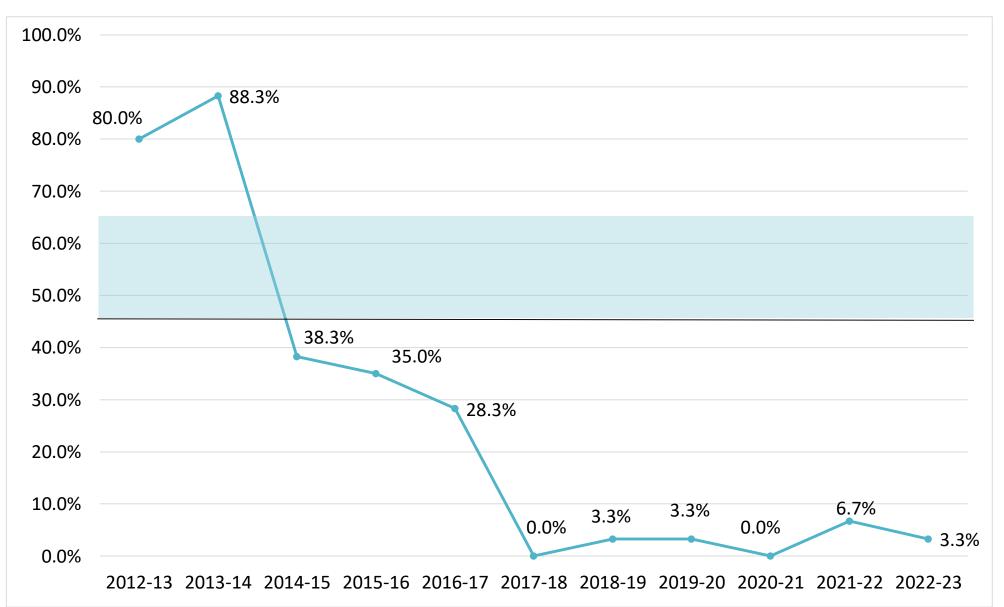




Tax Levy Review

7 Year Average Increase = 1.79%

Fiscal Stress



Thank You

